

Koenker, Roger; Ng, Pin; Portnoy, Stephen**Quantile smoothing splines.** (English) Zbl 0810.62040

Biometrika 81, No. 4, 673-680 (1994).

Summary: Although nonparametric regression has traditionally focused on the estimation of conditional mean functions, nonparametric estimation of conditional quantile functions is often of substantial practical interest. We explore a class of quantile smoothing splines, defined as solutions to

$$\min_{g \in \mathcal{G}} \sum \rho_{\tau}\{y_i - g(x_i)\} + \lambda \left(\int_0^1 |g''(x)|^p dx \right)^{1/p},$$

with $\rho_{\tau}(u) = u\{\tau - I(u < 0)\}$, $p \geq 1$, and appropriately chosen \mathcal{G} . For the particular choices $p = 1$ and $p = \infty$ we characterise solutions \hat{g} as splines, and discuss computation by standard l_1 -type linear programming techniques. At $\lambda = 0$, \hat{g} interpolates the τ th quantiles at the distinct design points, and for λ sufficiently large \hat{g} is the linear regression quantile fit to the observations. Because the methods estimate conditional quantile functions they possess an inherent robustness to extreme observations in the y_i 's. The entire path of solutions, in the quantile parameter τ , or the penalty parameter λ , may be efficiently computed by parametric linear programming methods. We note that the approach may be easily adapted to impose monotonicity and/or convexity constraints on the fitted function. An example is provided to illustrate the use of the proposed methods.

MSC:

62G07 Density estimation

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bandwidth selection; nonparametric regression; nonparametric estimation of conditional quantile functions; quantile smoothing splines; linear programming; linear regression quantile; conditional quantile functions; robustness to extreme observations

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