

[Chan, Y. L.](#); [Shen, L. H.](#); [Wu, C. T.](#); [Young, D. L.](#)

**A novel upwind-based local radial basis function differential quadrature method for convection-dominated flows.** (English) [Zbl 1391.76529](#)  
[Comput. Fluids](#) 89, 157-166 (2014).

**Summary:** In this paper, a new upwind technique for local radial basis function differential quadrature (LRBF-DQ) method is proposed to solve the convection-dominated flow problems. By using a modified Euclidean distance function according to the local flow direction and the value of parameter that controls the convection effect, the local support in the formulation of LRBF-DQ can be chosen in a way shifting towards the upstream direction to form a comet-like shape. The upwind effect is therefore naturally incorporated when computing the weighting coefficients for LRBF-DQ method. The capability of the proposed method is examined by solving two-dimensional convection-diffusion equation with various Peclet numbers and magnetohydrodynamics (MHD) problems with very high Hartmann numbers. The results show that remarkable improvement of accuracy can be achieved by the current upwind-based LRBF-DQ method than the conventional ones.

**MSC:**

[76M25](#) Other numerical methods (fluid mechanics) (MSC2010)

[65N99](#) Numerical methods for partial differential equations, boundary value problems

[76W05](#) Magnetohydrodynamics and electrohydrodynamics

Cited in **8** Documents

**Keywords:**

[upwind scheme](#); [localized meshless method](#); [radial basis function](#); [differential quadrature](#); [convection-diffusion](#); [MHD flow](#)

**Software:**

[Mfree2D](#)

**Full Text:** [DOI](#)

**References:**

- [1] Versteeg, H. K.; Malalasekera, W., An introduction to computational fluid dynamics: the finite volume method, (2007), Prentice Hall
- [2] Courant, R.; Isaacson, E.; Rees, M., On the solution of nonlinear hyperbolic differential equations by finite differences, *Commun Pur Appl Math*, 5, 3, 243-255, (1952) · [Zbl 0047.11704](#)
- [3] Warming, R. F.; Beam, R. M., Upwind second-order difference schemes and applications in aerodynamic flows, *AIAA J*, 14, 1241-1249, (1976) · [Zbl 0364.76047](#)
- [4] Leonard, B., A stable and accurate convective modelling procedure based on quadratic upstream interpolation, *Comput Methods Appl Mech Eng*, 19, 1, 59-98, (1979) · [Zbl 0423.76070](#)
- [5] Brooks, A. N.; Hughes, T. J.R., Streamline upwind Petrov-Galerkin formulations for convection dominated flows with particular emphasis on the incompressible Navier-Stokes equations, *Comput Methods Appl Mech Eng*, 32, 1-3, 199-259, (1982) · [Zbl 0497.76041](#)
- [6] Whiting, C. H.; Jansen, K. E., A stabilized finite element method for the incompressible Navier-Stokes equations using a hierarchical basis, *Int J Numer Methods Fluids*, 35, 1, 93-116, (2001) · [Zbl 0990.76048](#)
- [7] Belytschko, T.; Krongauz, Y.; Organ, D.; Fleming, M.; Krysl, P., Meshless methods: an overview and recent developments, *Comput Methods Appl Mech Eng*, 139, 1, 3-47, (1996) · [Zbl 0891.73075](#)
- [8] Liu, G. R., Mesh free methods: moving beyond the finite element method, (2002), CRC Press Boca Raton, FL
- [9] Nguyen, V. P.; Rabczuk, T.; Bordas, S.; Duflot, M., Meshless methods: a review and computer implementation aspects, *Math Comput Simulat*, 79, 3, 763-813, (2008) · [Zbl 1152.74055](#)
- [10] Shu, C.; Ding, H.; Yeo, K., Local radial basis function-based differential quadrature method and its application to solve two-dimensional incompressible Navier-Stokes equations, *Comput Methods Appl Mech Eng*, 192, 7, 941-954, (2003) · [Zbl](#)

- [11] Buhmann, M. D., Radial basis functions: theory and implementations, (2003), Cambridge University Press · [Zbl 1038.41001](#)
- [12] Bellman, R. E.; Casti, J., Differential quadrature and long-term integration, *J Math Anal Appl*, 34, 235-238, (1971) · [Zbl 0236.65020](#)
- [13] Bellman, R.; Kashef, B.; Casti, J., Differential quadrature: a technique for the rapid solution of nonlinear partial differential equations, *J Comput Phys*, 10, 1, 40-52, (1972) · [Zbl 0247.65061](#)
- [14] Shu, C.; Ding, H.; Chen, H.; Wang, T., An upwind local RBF-DQ method for simulation of inviscid compressible flows, *Comput Methods Appl Mech Eng*, 194, 18-20, 2001-2017, (2005) · [Zbl 1093.76052](#)
- [15] Ding, H.; Shu, C.; Yeo, K.; Lu, Z., Simulation of natural convection in eccentric annuli between a square outer cylinder and a circular inner cylinder using local MQ-DQ method, *Numer Heat Tr A-Appl*, 47, 3, 291-313, (2005)
- [16] Ding, H.; Shu, C.; Yeo, K.; Xu, D., Numerical computation of three-dimensional incompressible viscous flows in the primitive variable form by local multiquadric differential quadrature method, *Comput Methods Appl Mech Eng*, 195, 7-8, 516-533, (2006) · [Zbl 1222.76072](#)
- [17] Shan, Y.; Shu, C.; Lu, Z., Application of local MQ-DQ method to solve 3D incompressible viscous flows with curved boundary, *CMES-Comput Model Eng*, 25, 2, 99-113, (2008)
- [18] Khoshfetrat, A.; Abedini, M., Numerical modeling of long waves in shallow water using LRBF-DQ and hybrid DQ/LRBF-DQ, *Ocean Model*, 65, 0, 1-10, (2013)
- [19] Wu, W.; Shu, C.; Wang, C., Vibration analysis of arbitrarily shaped membranes using local radial basis function-based differential quadrature method, *J Sound Vib*, 306, 1-2, 252-270, (2007)
- [20] Soleimani, S.; Jalaal, M.; Bararnia, H.; Ghasemi, E.; Ganji, D.; Mohammadi, F., Local RBF-DQ method for two-dimensional transient heat conduction problems, *Int Commun Heat Mass*, 37, 9, 1411-1418, (2010)
- [21] Soleimani, S.; Ganji, D.; Ghasemi, E.; Jalaal, M.; Bararnia, H., Meshless local RBF-DQ for 2-D heat conduction: a comparative study, *Therm Sci*, 15, suppl., S117-S121, (2011)
- [22] Demendy, Z.; Nagy, T., A new algorithm for solution of equations of MHD channel flows at moderate Hartmann numbers, *Acta Mech*, 123, 1-4, 135-149, (1997) · [Zbl 0902.76058](#)
- [23] Nesliturk, A.; Tezer-Sezgin, M., The finite element method for MHD flow at high Hartmann numbers, *Comput Methods Appl Mech Eng*, 194, 9-11, 1201-1224, (2005) · [Zbl 1091.76036](#)
- [24] Verardi, J. C.S. L.L.; Machado, J. M., The element-free Galerkin method applied to the study of fully developed magnetohydrodynamic duct flows, *IEEE Trans Magn*, 38, 941-944, (2002)
- [25] Zhang, L.; Ouyang, J.; Zhang, X., The two-level element free Galerkin method for MHD flow at high Hartmann numbers, *Phys Lett A*, 372, 5625-5638, (2008) · [Zbl 1223.76128](#)
- [26] Li, Y.; Tian, Z. F., An exponential compact difference scheme for solving 2D steady magnetohydrodynamic (MHD) duct flow problems, *J Comput Phys*, 231, 16, 5443-5468, (2012) · [Zbl 1431.76096](#)
- [27] Cai, X.; Su, G. H.; Qiu, S., Upwinding meshfree point collocation method for steady MHD flow with arbitrary orientation of applied magnetic field at high Hartmann numbers, *Comput Fluids*, 44, 1, 153-161, (2011) · [Zbl 1271.76239](#)
- [28] Tezer-Sezgin, M., Solution of magnetohydrodynamic flow in a rectangular duct by differential quadrature method, *Comput Fluids*, 33, 4, 533-547, (2004) · [Zbl 1137.76453](#)
- [29] Ögüt, E., Magnetohydrodynamic natural convection flow in an enclosure with a finite length heater using the differential quadrature (DQ) method, *Numer Heat Tr A-Appl*, 58, 11, 900-921, (2010)
- [30] Hardy, R. L., Multiquadric equations of topography and other irregular surfaces, *J Geophys Res*, 76, 1905-1915, (1971)
- [31] Franke, R., Scattered data interpolation: tests of some method, *Math Comput*, 38, 157, 181-200, (1982) · [Zbl 0476.65005](#)
- [32] Barrett, K. E., Duct flow with a transverse magnetic field at high Hartmann numbers, *Int J Numer Meth Eng*, 50, 8, 1893-1906, (2001) · [Zbl 0998.76045](#)
- [33] Shercliff, J. A.; Batchelor, G. K., Steady motion of conducting fluids in pipes under transverse magnetic fields, *Proc Camb Philos Soc*, 49, 136-144, (1953) · [Zbl 0050.19404](#)

This reference list is based on information provided by the publisher or from digital mathematics libraries. Its items are heuristically matched to zbMATH identifiers and may contain data conversion errors. It attempts to reflect the references listed in the original paper as accurately as possible without claiming the completeness or perfect precision of the matching.