

**Pun, Ka I.; Steffen, Martin; Stolz, Volker**

**Deadlock checking by a behavioral effect system for lock handling.** (English) Zbl 1246.68097  
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Summary: Deadlocks are a common error in programs with lock-based concurrency and are hard to avoid or even to detect. One way for deadlock prevention is to statically analyze the program code to spot sources of potential deadlocks. Often static approaches try to confirm that the lock-taking adheres to a given order, or, better, to infer that such an order exists. Such an order precludes situations of cyclic waiting for each other's resources, which constitute a deadlock.

In contrast, we do not enforce or infer an explicit order on locks. Instead we use a behavioral type and effect system that, in a first stage, checks the behavior of each thread or process against the declared behavior, which captures potential interaction of the thread with the locks. In a second step on a global level, the state space of the behavior is explored to detect potential deadlocks. We define a notion of deadlock-sensitive simulation to prove the soundness of the abstraction inherent in the behavioral description. Soundness of the effect system is proven by subject reduction, formulated such that it captures deadlock-sensitive simulation.

To render the state-space finite, we show two further abstractions of the behavior sound, namely restricting the upper bound on re-entrant lock counters, and similarly by abstracting the (in general context-free) behavioral effect into a coarser, tail-recursive description. We prove our analysis sound using a simple, concurrent calculus with re-entrant locks.

#### MSC:

- [68N30](#) Mathematical aspects of software engineering (specification, verification, metrics, requirements, etc.) Cited in **3** Documents
- [68Q85](#) Models and methods for concurrent and distributed computing (process algebras, bisimulation, transition nets, etc.)

#### Keywords:

[concurrency](#); [deadlock prevention](#); [static analysis](#); [behavioral type and effect systems](#); [simulation relation](#); [abstraction](#)

#### Software:

[Cyclone](#); [Haskell](#); [RacerX](#)

**Full Text:** [DOI](#)

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