

Mariotti, Marco; Veneziani, Roberto

‘Non-interference’ implies equality. (English) Zbl 1184.91087

Soc. Choice Welfare 32, No. 1, 123-128 (2009).

Summary: We propose a new principle of “non-interference” applied to social welfare orderings. The principle, together with two other standard requirements, implies a strong egalitarian conclusion: the ordering must lexicographically maximize the welfare of the worst off.

MSC:

91B14 Social choice

91B08 Individual preferences

91B15 Welfare economics

Cited in **1** Review
Cited in **7** Documents

Keywords:

strong Pareto optimality; anonymity; Harm principle; leximin ordering

Full Text: [DOI](#)

References:

- [1] Hammond P (1976) Equity, Arrow’s conditions and Rawls’ difference principle. *Econometrica* 44: 793–804 · [Zbl 0331.90015](#) · [doi:10.2307/1913445](#)
- [2] Hammond P (1979) Equity in two-person situations: some consequences. *Econometrica* 47: 1127–135 · [Zbl 0411.90007](#) · [doi:10.2307/1911953](#)
- [3] Tungodden B (2000) Hammond equity: a generalization. Discussion paper 20/99, Norwegian School of Economics and Business Administration
- [4] Warnock, M (eds) (1962) *Utilitarianism*. Fontana Press, Glasgow

This reference list is based on information provided by the publisher or from digital mathematics libraries. Its items are heuristically matched to zbMATH identifiers and may contain data conversion errors. It attempts to reflect the references listed in the original paper as accurately as possible without claiming the completeness or perfect precision of the matching.